

multi asset, multi manager

quant ESG Equity Fund

(A Thematic/Sectoral Fund - An Open ended equity scheme investing in companies demonstrating sustainable practices across Environment, Social and Governance (ESG) theme)

SEBI Scheme Code: QNTM/O/E/THE/20/09/0012

This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*:

- To generate Capital appreciation.
- Investments in companies demonstrating sustainable practices across Environment, Social and Governance (ESG)
 parameters.

Scheme Riskometer	Benchmark Riskometer
Investors understand that their principal will be at very high risk	Investors understand that their principal will be at very high risk AMFI Tier I Benchmark - Nifty 100 ESG TRI

*Investors should consult their financial advisors if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.

Name of Mutual Fund	quant Mutual Fund
Address	6th Floor, Sea Breeze Building, Appasaheb Marathe Marg, Prabhadevi, Mumbai - 400 025. Tel.: +91 22 6295 5000 Website: www.quantmutual.com

Name of Asset Management Company	quant Money Managers Limited
CIN	U74899MH1995PLC324387
Address	6th Floor, Sea Breeze Building, Appasaheb Marathe Marg, Prabhadevi, Mumbai - 400 025. Tel.: +91 22 6295 5000 Website: www.quantmutual.com

Name of Trustee Company	quant Capital Trustee Limited
CIN	U74899MH1995PLC324388
Address	6th Floor, Sea Breeze Building, Appasaheb Marathe Marg, Prabhadevi, Mumbai - 400 025. Tel.: +91 22 6295 5000 Website: www.quantmutual.com

This Key Information Memorandum (KIM) sets forth the information, which a prospective investor ought to know before investing. For further details of the scheme/Mutual Fund, due diligence certificate by the AMC, Key Personnel, investors' rights & services, risk factors, penalties & pending litigations, associate transactions etc. investors should, before investment, refer to the Offer Document available free of cost at any of the Investor Service Centres or distributors or from the website www.quantmutual.com

The Scheme particulars have been prepared in accordance with Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, as amended till date, and filed with Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or disapproved by SEBI, nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of this KIM.

This Key Information Memorandum is dated June 26, 2024.

Investment Objective

To generate long term capital appreciation by investing in a diversified portfolio of companies demonstrating sustainable practices across Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) parameters. However, there can be no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved.

Asset Allocation Pattern of the scheme

Under normal circumstances the asset allocation will be:

Asset Class Allocation	Normal Allocation (% of net assets)	
	Minimum	Maximum
Equity and Equity related instruments of companies with favorable Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) criteria	80	100
Other Equity and Equity related securities	0	20
Debt & Money Market instruments	0	20
Units issued by REITs & InvITs	0	10

The Scheme does not intend to invest in securities with Structured Obligations or Credit Enhancements. The Scheme does not intend to invest in debt instruments with special features in line with Clause 4.4.4 of Master Circular dated May 19, 2023.

Indicative Table (Actual instrument/percentages may vary subject to applicable SEBI circulars)

SI. no	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references*
1.	Securities Lending	Upto 10%	Clause 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023
2.	Equity Derivatives for non- hedging purposes	Upto 50%	Clause 12.24 & 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023.
3.	Securitized Debt	Upto 10%	-
4.	Overseas Securities	Upto 20%	Clause 12.19 of the SEBI Master circular dated May 19, 2023
5.	ReITS and InVITS	Upto 10%	Clause 13 in the Seventh Schedule of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996

Portfolio Rebalancing

The investment pattern stated above is indicative and may be changed due to market conditions. The proportion of the scheme invested in each type of security will vary in accordance with microeconomic & macroeconomic conditions, interest rates, and other relevant considerations. These instances may be beyond the control of the fund manager & the AMC and hence may require such deviations only with the prior approval of SEBI. Such changes in the investment pattern will be transitionary in nature and will be undertaken as defensive considerations only in accordance with Clause 1.14.1.2 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023. Defensive considerations may be determined by the fund manager and in case of deviations on account of exogenous factors, the fund manager will endeavor to rebalance the Scheme within 30 calendar days from the date of such deviation. The intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. The risks associated with each investment are an important factor as well. The net assets of this scheme shall predominantly be invested as per the investment pattern stated above.

In the event of any deviations from the mandated asset allocation as mentioned above due to passive breaches, portfolio rebalancing will be carried out by the AMC/Fund Manager within 30 business days of the date of the said deviation. This rebalancing will be subject to prevailing market conditions and in the interest of the investors. In case the rebalancing is not done within the specified period of 30 business days, the matter would be recorded in writing and shall be placed before the Investment Committee. The Investment Committee shall record the reason in writing leading the reason for falling the exposure outside the asset allocation and if so desires, the Committee shall extend the timelines upto 60 (sixty) business days from the date of completion of mandated

rebalancing period of 30 business days in line with Clause 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023.

Further, in case, the portfolio of schemes is not rebalanced within the aforementioned both the timelines, the AMC shall:

- a. Not launch any new scheme till the time the portfolio is rebalanced.
- b. Not levy exit load, if any, on the investor exiting the scheme.

And in line with Clause 2.9 of Master Circular dated May 19, 2023, necessary reporting and disclosures shall be made to Trustees and investors in this regard.

Investment Strategy

ESG represents factors viz. Environmental (such as impact of business on natural resources), Social (such as business having social impact) and Governance (being the way in which the company is run).

Quality companies with a competitive advantage, sustainable business model and visibility of earnings growth are the best avenues for long term wealth generation. ESG factors can complement traditional tools of evaluating and identifying quality businesses and thus improve the overall understanding of the company.

Typically, it is seen that the companies that have strong ESG metrics are companies that are well governed and treat their responsibilities to the environment and society seriously and as a result are likely to avoid negative external shocks that can impact their business models.

The investment strategy of the Scheme will be to invest in a basket of securities based on combining existing traditional fundamental, bottom-up financial analysis along with a rigorous analysis on the environmental, social and governance aspects of the company. The ESG analysis will be based on a comprehensive ESG framework adopted from some of the global best practices. The ESG process will be executed at various levels. Sector level screening:

The scheme will exclude sectors/themes that are deemed harmful from a societal perspective. We will avoid investment in companies operating in those industries and maintain that exclusion on an ongoing basis. For example we will not invest in companies involved in Cluster Munitions, Anti- Personnel Mines, and Chemical and Biological Weapons. We will not hold any security that is involved in the production, stockpiling, transfer and use of these weapons.

Stock level screening:

Apart from sector exclusion list, we will not invest in stocks which throw up ESG red flags as a part of our review, even if the company is from a sector that is not a part of exclusion list.

Portfolio Construction:

We believe that evaluating a company from an ESG perspective requires a detailed qualitative approach that should complement our existing fundamental based investment process workings rather than a simplistic standalone scoring based inclusion/exclusion matrix for individual stocks. We intend to be active owners of the companies in which we invest and to reflect environmental, social and governance (ESG) value drivers within our investment process by following below steps.

Step 1: Initial detailed ESG assessment of every company at the time of its inclusion in the investment universe will be carried out. The assessment will be based on a detailed sector- specific questionnaire that will be completed by the analyst in discussion with the company. Thus every company will undergo a detailed ESG due diligence in addition to the fundamental ground work before entering the universe.

Step 2: Ongoing detailed assessment and evaluation of ESG issues or concerns will be carried out periodically to ensure that changes to the operating environment are captured. In case of any concerns on ESG front indicating any risk that may be detrimental to the long term shareholder value or in case of no evidence of any steps taken to strengthen safety measures, may lead to exclusion of the security from the universe.

Step 3: In case of any specific ESG issue facing the company, a detailed review of the same to be carried out by the analyst and the impact discussed with the company management.

Step 4: Active engagement with the company management, ownership in terms of improved disclosure of ESG matters and voting on proxy items keeping ESG aspect in mind.

While the more traditional financial indicators and the analysis of business strategy form the basis of investment decisions, ESG factors may impact the investments in two ways – first through size of position given its impact on

the inherent risk to our financial forecasts and secondly through our view of the ultimate long term value of company based on its readiness to face some of these issues, from both an upside and downside perspective. We will primarily focus on the longer term impact of ESG issues rather than unduly weighting factors which are currently occupying market attention.

Risk Profile of the Scheme

Mutual Fund investments are subject to market risks. Please read the SID carefully for details on risk factors before investment. Scheme specific risk factors are summarized below:

Risk factors associated with investing in debt and money market instruments

Credit Risk: Debt instruments carry a Credit Risk, which essentially implies a failure on the part of the issuer of the security to honour its principal or interest repayment obligations. This inability of a credit issuer to honour its obligation is generally a function of underlying performance of the asset, in terms of generating the requisite cashflows. Credit risks of debt securities are rated by independent rating agencies. These ratings range from 'AAA' (read as 'Triple A' denoting 'Highest Safety') to 'D' (denoting 'Default'), with intermediate ratings between the two extremes. Deteriorating credit profile of an issuer may lead to a rating agency lowering the rating on its debt instruments; this is likely to lead to a fall in the price of these instruments.

Liquidity Risk: Liquidity risk for debt instruments refers to the possibility that there might not be a ready buyer for the debt instrument at a time when the scheme decides to sell it. Liquidity risk is generally a function of the issuer (government securities are generally more liquid than corporate bonds), ratings (higher rated instruments are generally more liquid), and tenure (near tenure instruments are generally more liquid).

Interest-Rate Risk: In case of fixed income bearing debt instruments, when interest rates rise, prices of the securities decline and when interest rates fall, the prices increase. The extent of sensitivity of a security to movement in interest rates is determined by its duration, which is a function of the existing coupon, the payment-frequency of such coupon, and days to maturity. Floating rate securities, with coupon linked to market interest rates have less sensitivity to interest rate risk.

Re-investment Risk: Investments in fixed income securities carry re-investment risk as interest rates prevailing on the coupon payment or maturity dates may differ from the original coupon of the bond.

Prepayment Risk: Certain fixed income instruments come with a 'call option' which give the issuer the right to redeem the security through prepayment before the maturity date. This option is generally exercised in periods of declining interest rates, and will result in the scheme having to reinvest the proceeds of prepayment at lower yields, resulting in lower interest income.

Basis Risk: The underlying benchmark of a floating rate security or a swap might become less active or may cease to exist and thus may not be able to capture the exact interest rate movements, leading to loss of value of the portfolio.

Spread Risk: In a floating rate security the coupon is expressed in terms of a spread or mark up over the benchmark rate. In the life of the security this spread may move adversely leading to loss in value of the portfolio. The yield of the underlying benchmark might not change, but the spread of the security over the underlying benchmark might increase leading to loss in value of the security.

Liquidity Risk: The liquidity of a bond may change, depending on market conditions leading to changes in the liquidity premium attached to the price of the bond. At the time of selling the security, the security can become illiquid, leading to loss in value of the portfolio.

Liquidity Risk on account of unlisted securities: The liquidity and valuation of the Schemes' investments due to their holdings of unlisted securities may be affected if they have to be sold prior to their target date of divestment. The unlisted security can go down in value before the divestment date and selling of these securities before the divestment date can lead to losses in the portfolio.

Settlement Risk: Fixed income securities run the risk of settlement which can adversely affect the ability of the fund house to swiftly execute trading strategies which can lead to adverse movements in NAV.

For details on risk factors and risk mitigation measures, please refer SID.

Plans/Options

The investor can opt for the following:

- A. Regular Plan (For applications routed through Distributors):
 - 1. Growth (Capital Appreciation)
 - 2. Income of Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal (IDCW)(Regular Income)
- B. Direct Plan (For applications not routed through Distributors):
 - 1. Growth (Capital Appreciation)
 - 2. IDCW (Regular Income)
- Default Options

In case the investor does not select suitable alternative, defaults applicable shall be as follows:

Default Plan - Direct Default Option - Growth

Default Dividend Payout Option - Re-invest

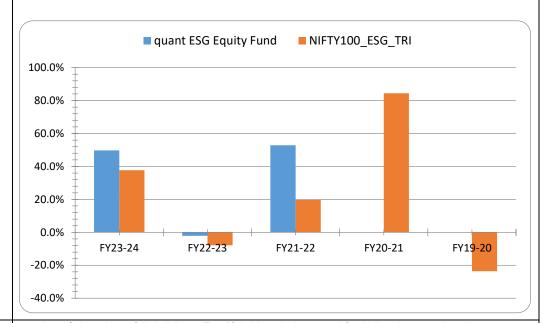
Investors are requested to note the following scenarios for the applicability of "Direct Plan (application not routed through distributor) or Regular Plan (application routed through distributor)" for valid applications received under the scheme:

Scenario	Broker Code mentioned by the investor	Plan mentioned by the investor	Default Plan to be captured
1	Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct Plan
2	Not mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
3	Not mentioned	Regular	Direct Plan
4	Mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
5	Direct	Not mentioned	Direct Plan
6	Direct	Regular	Direct Plan
7	Mentioned	Regular	Regular
8	Mentioned	Not mentioned	Regular

Applicable NAV	Subscriptions/Purchases including Switch - ins:
(after the scheme opens for repurchase	The following cut-off timings shall be observed by the Mutual Fund in respect of purchase of units of the Scheme and the following NAVs shall be applied for such purchase:
and sale)	1. where the application is received upto 3.00 pm on a Business day and funds are available for utilization before the cut-off time – the closing NAV of the previous Business day shall be applicable; 2. where the application is received after 3.00 pm on a Business day and funds are available for utilization on the same day or before the cutoff time of the same Business Day - the closing NAV of the same Business Day shall be applicable; 3. irrespective of the time of receipt of application, where the funds are not available for utilization before the cutoff time - the closing NAV of Business day on which the funds are available for utilization shall be applicable.
	For determining the applicable NAV for allotment of units in respect of purchase / switch in the Scheme, it shall be ensured that: i. Application is received before the applicable cut-off time ii. Funds for the entire amount of subscription/purchase as per the application are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cutoff time. iii. The funds are available for utilization before the cut-off time.
	The aforesaid provisions shall also be applicable to systematic transactions like Systematic Investment Plan, Systematic Transfer Plan, etc offered by scheme(s).
	For Redemption/ Repurchases/Switch out:
	The following cut-off timings shall be observed by the Mutual Fund in respect of Repurchase of units:
	a. where the application received upto 3.00 pm - closing NAV of the day of receipt of application; and
	b. an application received after 3.00 pm - closing NAV of the next Business Day.
	The above mentioned cut off timing shall also be applicable to transactions through the online trading platform.
	In case of Transaction through Stock Exchange Infrastructure, the Date of Acceptance will be reckoned as per the date & time; the transaction is entered in stock exchange's infrastructure for which a system generated confirmation slip will be issued to the investor.
Despatch of Repurchase (Redemption) Request	The AMC shall dispatch the redemption proceeds within three working days from date of receipt of a valid redemption request from the Unit holder.
Benchmark Index	Nifty 100 ESG TRI
Dividend Policy	The Trustee may decide and declare dividend at such rates, as it deems fit, subject to availability of distributable surplus (based on realised profits), from time to time.
_	Mr. Ankit Pande – Fund Manager – Equity
Name of the Fund Managers	Mr. Vasav Sahgal – Fund Manager – Equity
	Mr. Sanjeev Sharma – Fund Manager - Debt
Name of the Trustee Company	quant Capital Trustee Limited

Performance of the scheme:

Compounded Annualised Returns	quant ESG Equity Fund	NIFTY100 ESG TRI
Returns for last 1 year	51.0%	28.1%
Returns for last 3 year	29.4%	13.8%
Returns for last 5 year	-	-
Returns since inception	39.3%	20.1%



Additional Scheme Related Disclosures

- i. Scheme's portfolio holdings Top 10 holdings by issuer and fund allocation towards varioussectors is available on https://quantmutual.com/downloads/factsheet
- Disclosure of name and exposure to Top 7 issuers, stocks, groups and sectors as a percentage of NAV of the scheme is available on https://quantmutual.com/downloads/factsheet
- iii. Functional website link for Portfolio Disclosure
 - a. For Monthly Portfolio: https://quantmutual.com/statutory-disclosures
 - b. For Half yearly Portfolio: https://quantmutual.com/statutory-disclosures
- iv. Portfolio Turnover Rate as on 31.03.2024: 5.66

Expenses of the Scheme

Continuous Offer:

Load Structure

Entry load: Nil

Recurring expenses

Exit load: For redemptions / switch outs (including SIP/STP) within 15 days from the date of allotment of units, irrespective of the amount of investment: 1%

These are the fees and expenses for operating the scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table below:

The AMC has estimated that upto 2.25 % of the daily net assets of the Scheme will be charged as expenses.

For the information of investors, the estimated break-up of expenses, on an on-going basis, as a percentage of the weekly average net assets, in any financial year shall be as follows:

Expense Head	% of daily Net Assets	
Investment Management and Advisory fees	11-4- 0 050/	
Trustee fees	Upto 2.25%	

	Audit fees				
	Custodian fees				
	RTA fees				
	Marketing & Selling exper	nse incl. agent commission			
	Cost related to investor co	ommunications			
	Cost of fund transfer from	location to location			
	Cost of providing acco	ount statements and			
	IDCW redemption chequ	es and warrants			
	Costs of statutory Advertis	sements			
	Cost towards investor edu	ication & awareness (at least			
	2 bps)				
	Brokerage & transaction of	ost over and above 12 bps			
		erivative market trades resp.			
	I I	GST) on expenses other			
	than investment and adv				
	GST on brokerage and tra	ansaction cost	<u> </u>		
	Other Expenses*				
	Maximum total expens				
	permissible under Re				
	Additional expenses unde		Upto 0.05%		
	Additional expenses for gr		Upto 0.30%		
	specified cities under regu	ilation 52(6A)(b)		J	
		ng expenses of the Direct Plan			e. to
	the extent of the distribution e	expenses/ commission charged	to the investors wh	o are not in the Direct Plan.	
	Actual Expense for the previo	us financial year: https://quantn	nutual.com/statutor	v-disclosures	
	, p	<u> </u>			
			A 1 110		
Tax treatment	Investor is advised to refer to to his tax advisor.	the details in the Statement of	Additional Informat	ion and also independently re	eter
for the Investors	to his tax advisor.				
(Unitholders)					
Daily Net Asset	NAV shall be published on	all business days on AMC we	ebsite: www.quant	mutual.com and AMFI webs	site:
Value (NAV)	www.amfiindia.com				
Publication					
	Name	quant Mutual Fund			
For Investor	Name	6th Floor, Sea Breeze Buildir			
Grievances		Appasaheb Marathe Marg,	.9,		
please contact	Administrative Office	Prabhadevi, Mumbai - 400 0	25.		
		Tel.: +91 22 6295 5000			
		Website: www.quantmutual.c	com		
		KFin Technologies Limited			
		Unit: quant Mutual Fund Karvy Selenium Tower B,			
	For Demat Units	Plot 31-32, Gachibowli,			
		Financial District,			
				-0000	
		Nanakramguda, Serilingamp	ally, Hyderabad - 5-	000032	

Unitholders'

Accounts Statements

- On acceptance of the application for subscription, an allotment confirmation specifying the number of units allotted by way of e-mail and/or SMS within 5 business days from the date of receipt of transaction request/allotment will be sent to the Unit Holders registered e-mail address and/or mobile number.
- In case of Unit Holders holding units in the dematerialized mode, the Fund will not send the account statement to the Unit Holders. The statement provided by the Depository Participant will be equivalent to the account statement.
- For those unit holders who have provided an e-mail address, the AMC will send the account statement by e-mail
- Unit holders will be required to download and print the documents after receiving e-mail from the Mutual Fund. Should the Unit holder experience any difficulty in accessing the electronically delivered documents, the Unit holder shall promptly advise the Mutual Fund to enable the Mutual Fund to make the delivery through alternate means. It is deemed that the Unit holder is aware of all security risks including possible third party interception of the documents and contents of the documents becoming known to third parties.
- The Unit holder may request for a physical account statement by writing/calling the AMC/ISC/Registrar. In case of specific request received from the Unit Holders, the AMC/Fund will provide the Account Statement to the Investors within 5 business days from the receipt of such request.

Consolidated Account Statement (CAS)

CAS is an account statement detailing all the transactions and holding at the end of the month including transaction charges paid to the distributor, across all schemes of all mutual funds. CAS issued to investors shall also provide the total purchase value/cost of investment in each scheme.

Further, CAS issued for the half-year (September/ March) shall also provide

- a. The amount of actual commission paid by AMC/Mutual Fund to distributors (in absolute terms) during the half-year period against the concerned investor's total investments in each scheme.
- b. The Scheme's average Total Expense Ratio (in percentage terms) along with the break up between Investment and Advisory fees, Commission paid to the distributor and Other expenses for the period for each scheme's applicable plan (regular or direct or both) where the concerned investor has actually invested in. The word transaction will include purchase, redemption, switch, IDCW payout, IDCW reinvestment, systematic investment plan, systematic withdrawal plan and systematic transfer plan.

For Unitholders not holding Demat Account:

CAS for each calendar month shall be issued, on or before tenth day of succeeding month by the AMC.

The AMC shall ensure that a CAS for every half yearly (September/ March) is issued, on or before tenth day of succeeding month, detailing holding at the end of the six month, across all schemes of all mutual funds, to all such investors in whose folios no transaction has taken place during that period.

The AMC shall identify common investors across fund houses by their Permanent Account Number (PAN) for the purposes of sending CAS. In he event the account has more than one registered holder, the first named Unit Holder shall receive the Account Statement.

The AMC will send statement of accounts by e-mail where the Investor has provided the e-mail id. Additionally, the AMC may at its discretion send Account Statements individually to the investors.

For Unitholders holding Demat Account:

SEBI vide its circular no. CIR/MRD/DP/31/2014 dated November 12, 2014 read with other applicable circulars issued by SEBI from time to time, to enable a single consolidated view of all the investments of an investor in Mutual Fund and securities held in demat form with Depositories, has required Depositories to generate and dispatch a single CAS for investors having mutual fund investments and holding demat accounts.

In view of the aforesaid requirement, for investors who hold demat account, for transactions in the schemes of quant Mutual Fund, a CAS, based on PAN of the holders, will be sent by Depositories to investors holding demat account, for each calendar month within 15th day of the succeeding month to the investors in whose folios transactions have taken place during that month.

CAS will be sent by Depositories every half yearly (September/March), on or before 21st day of succeeding month, detailing holding at the end of the six month, to all such investors in whose folios and demat accounts

there have been no transactions during that period.

CAS sent by Depositories is a statement containing details relating to all financial transactions made by an investor across all mutual funds viz. purchase, redemption, switch, IDCW payout, IDCW reinvestment, systematic investment plan, systematic withdrawal plan, systematic transfer plan (including transaction charges paid to the distributor) and transaction in dematerialized securities across demat accounts of the investors and holding at the end of the month.

In case of demat accounts with nil balance and no transactions in securities and in mutual fund folios, the depository shall send account statement in terms of regulations applicable to the depositories. Investors whose folio(s)/ demat account(s) are not updated with PAN shall not receive CAS.

Consolidation of account statement is done on the basis of PAN. Investors are therefore requested to ensure that their folio(s)/ demat account(s) are updated with PAN. In case of multiple holding, it shall be PAN of the first holder and pattern of holding.

For Unit Holders who have provided an e-mail address to the Mutual Fund or in KYC records, the CAS is sent by e-mail. However, where an investor does not wish to receive CAS through email, option is given to the investor to receive the CAS in physical form at the address registered in the Depository system.

Investors who do not wish to receive CAS sent by depositories have an option to indicate their negative consent. Such investors may contact the depositories to opt out. Investors who do not hold demat account continue to receive CAS sent by RTA/AMC, based on the PAN, covering transactions across all mutual funds as per the current practice.

In case an investor has multiple accounts across two depositories; the depository with whom the account has been opened earlier will be the default depository.

The dispatches of CAS by the depositories constitute compliance by the AMC/ the Fund with the requirement under Regulation 36(4) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations. However, the AMC reserves the right to furnish the account statement in addition to the CAS, if deemed fit in the interest of investor(s).

Investors whose folio(s)/demat account(s) are not updated with PAN shall not receive CAS. Investors are therefore requested to ensure that their folio(s)/demat account(s) are updated with PAN.

For folios not included in the CAS (due to non-availability of PAN), the AMC shall issue monthly account statement to such Unit holder(s), for any financial transaction undertaken during the month on or before 15th of succeeding month by mail or email.

For folios not eligible to receive CAS (due to non-availability of PAN), the AMC shall issue an account statement detailing holding across all schemes at the end of every six months (i.e. September/March), on or before 21st day of succeeding month, to all such Unit holders in whose folios no transaction has taken place during that period shall be sent by mail/e-mail.

Option to hold units in dematerialised (demat) form

Investors shall have an option to receive allotment of Mutual Fund units in their demat account while subscribing to the Scheme in terms of the guidelines/ procedural requirements as laid by the Depositories (NSDL/CDSL) from time to time.

Investors desirous of having the Units of the Scheme in dematerialized form should contact the ISCs of the AMC/Registrar.

Where units are held by investor in dematerialized form, the demat statement issued by the Depository Participant would be deemed adequate compliance with the requirements in respect of dispatch of statements of account.

In case investors desire to convert their existing physical units (represented by statement of account) into dematerialized form or vice versa, the request for conversion of units held in physical form into Demat (electronic) form or vice versa should be submitted alongwith a Demat/Remat Request Form to their Depository Participants. In case the units are desired to be held by investor in dematerialized form, the KYC performed by Depository Participant shall be considered compliance of the applicable SEBI norms.

Further, demat option shall also be available for SIP transactions. Units will be allotted based on the applicable NAV as per Scheme Information Document and will be credited to investors Demat Account on weekly basis on realization of funds.

Units held in Demat form are freely transferable in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, as may be amended from time to time. Transfer can be made only in favour of

transferees who are capable of holding units and having a Demat Account. The delivery instructions for transfer of units will have to be lodged with the Depository Participant in requisite form as may be required from time to time and transfer will be affected in accordance with such rules / regulations as may be in force governing transfer of securities in dematerialized mode.

For details, Investors may contact any of the Investor Service Centres of the AMC.

Statutory Details: quant Mutual Fund has been established as a Trust under the Indian Trusts Act, 1882, sponsored by quant Money Managers Limited (liability restricted to Rs. 1 Lakh). Trustee: quant Capital Trustee Limited Investment Manager: quant Money Managers Limited (the AMC) Risk Factors: quant Capital Finance and Investments Private Limited is not liable or responsible for any loss or shortfall resulting from the operation of the scheme.

MUTUAL FUND INVESTMENTS ARE SUBJECT TO MARKET RISKS, READ ALL SCHEME RELATED DOCUMENTS CAREFULLY.